

# Plate-based Chemistry/Direct-to-Biology for Accelerated Drug Discovery

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## **Background & Introduction**

The optimization of molecules in drug discovery is commonly a tedious and expensive process. Implementing automation and miniaturization coupled with direct application in biological assays is an attractive solution to accelerate synthesis, safe expensive reagents, and bypass the need of extensive single compound purification and handling. This innovative approach is frequently known as plate-based chemistry or direct-to-biology.<sup>[1,2]</sup> Besides classical small molecules, this principle has also been applied to new modalities, such as PROTACs.<sup>[3]</sup>

Here, we present a proof-of-principle case study that combines automated reaction miniaturization of amide couplings followed by direct biological readouts of unpurified reaction mixtures. We demonstrate the compatibility of crude reaction mixtures with a fluorescence resonance energy transfer assay (FRET) and surface plasmon resonance spectroscopy (SPR). In addition, we show the automation and miniaturization of SNAr reactions for the hit expansion of fragment screening hits of a membrane protein in combination with ASMS.



Automated synthesis	Reactions in microtiter plates <1 mg material per well	Heat map after LCMS analysis → cherry picking for assays	Assays for readout: <ul> <li>ASMS</li> <li>SPR</li> <li>FRET</li> </ul>
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#### Case Study 2: Hit Expansion after Fragment Screening by ASMS 2. Biology 1. Chemistry 26 24 22 20 18 Conversion heat map (by LCMS) 16 initial scaffold new scaffolds 14 12 10 • ASMS gives several improved hits - i.e. high % binding to target Diverse building block selection allows fast growing and early scaffold hops to accelerate fragment optimization Second optimization round for variation of amines is currently in progress Molecular Weight (D) **100 % Conclusions and Outlook**



- Aminopyridine cluster was found by ASMS fragment screening  $\rightarrow$  Easy access by S<sub>N</sub>Ar chemistry
- 96 heterocyclic building blocks suitable for functionalization by  $S_NAr$ selected by enumeration of the properties of products
- 80% of reactions show conversion to product. Conversion was determined by LCMS analysis.
- Compounds were pooled and further analyzed by ASMS
- We have shown a proof-of-principle study and show tolerance of crude mixtures with a FRET assay, SPR and ASMS
- FRET and SPR data of representative isolated compounds and crude mixtures correlate
- Two step procedures (i.e. reaction + Boc deprotection) are under investigation<sup>[4]</sup>
- A PROTAC library with E3 ligases connected to different linkers is in preparation<sup>[3]</sup>



# References

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